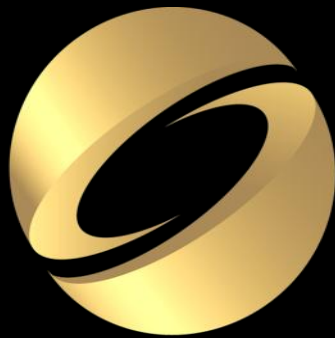


Modeling Anisotropic Surface Reflectance with Example-Based Microfacet Synthesis

Jiaping Wang¹, Shuang Zhao², Xin Tong¹, John Snyder³, Baining Guo¹



Microsoft Research Asia¹
Shanghai Jiao Tong University²
Microsoft Research³

SIGGRAPH2008

Surface Reflectance



satin



metal



wood

Anisotropic Surface Reflectance

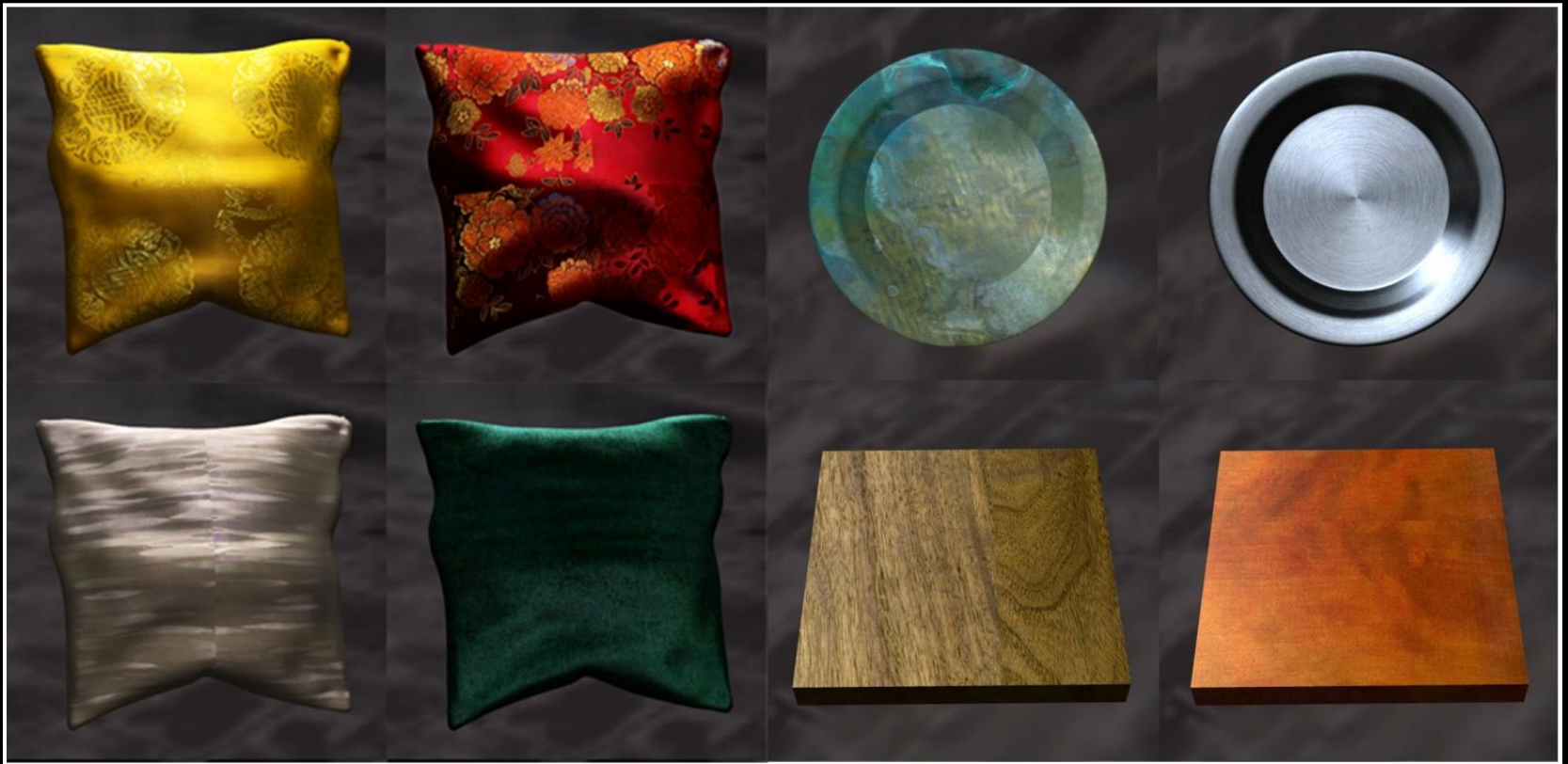


anisotropic



isotropic

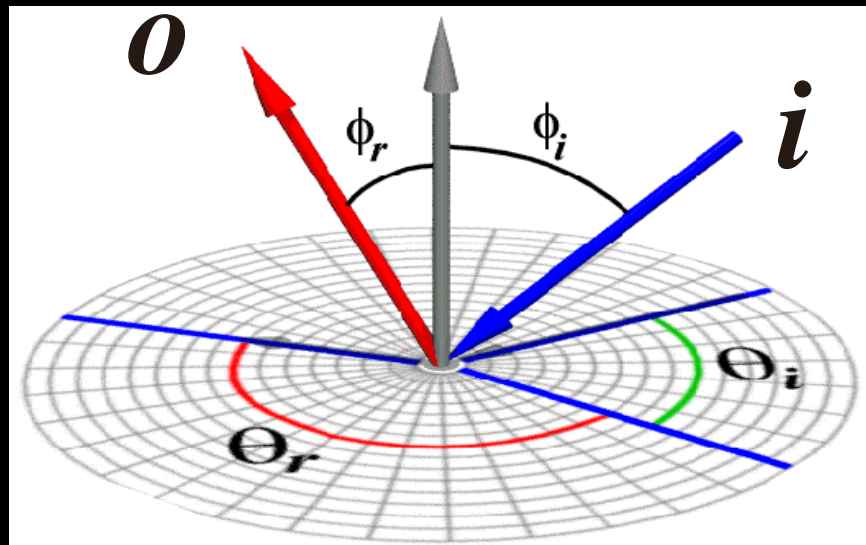
Our Goal



modeling spatially-varying anisotropic reflectance

Surface Reflectance in CG

- 4D BRDF $\rho(o, i)$
 - Bidirectional Reflectance Distribution Function
 - how much light reflected wrt in/out directions

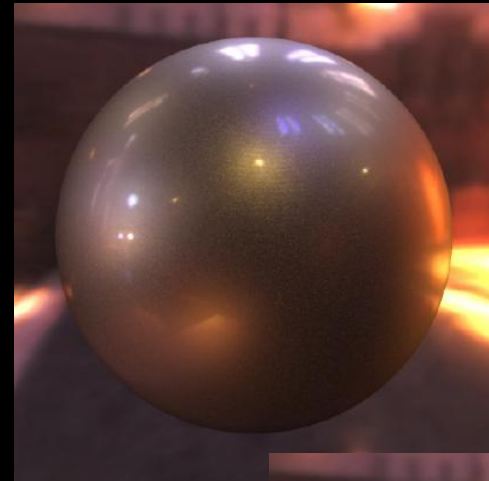


Surface Reflectance in CG

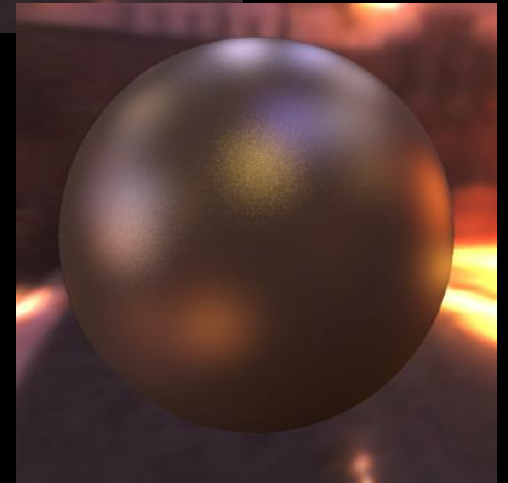
- 4D BRDF $\rho(o, i)$
 - Bidirectional Reflectance Distribution Function
 - how much light reflected wrt in/out directions
- 6D Spatially-Varying BRDF: SVBRDF $\rho(x, o, i)$
 - BRDF at each surface point x

Related Work I

- parametric BRDF models
 - compact representation
 - easy acquisition and fitting
 - lack realistic details



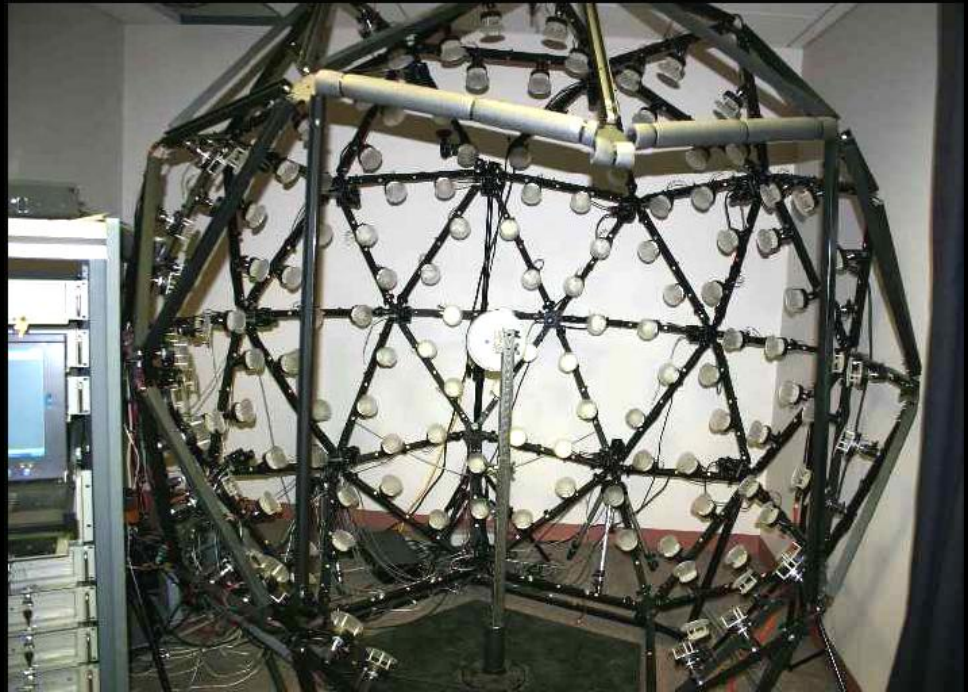
ground truth



parametric model
[Ward 92]

Related Work II

- tabulated SVBRDF
 - realistic
 - large data set
 - difficult to capture
 - lengthy process
 - expensive hardware
 - image registration



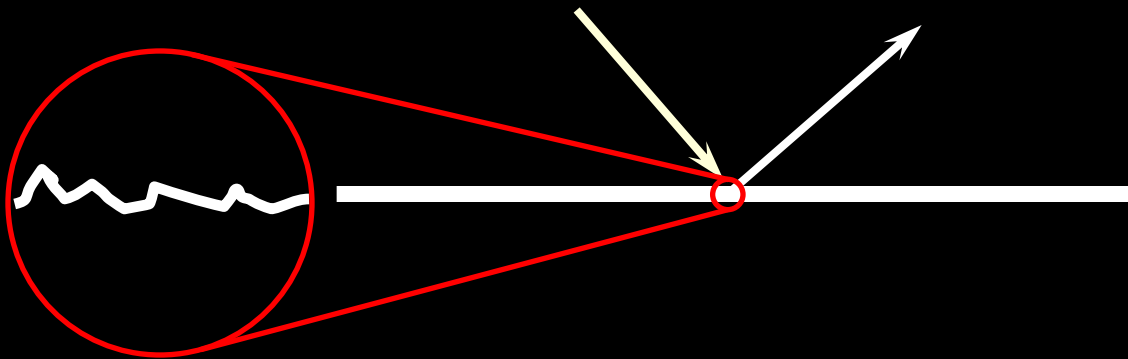
light dome [Gu et al 2006]

Microfacet BRDF Model

- surface modeled by tiny mirror facets

$$\rho_s(x, o, i) = \frac{D(x, h) S(x, o) S(x, i) F(x, o, i)}{4(i \cdot n)(o \cdot n)}$$

[Cook 82]

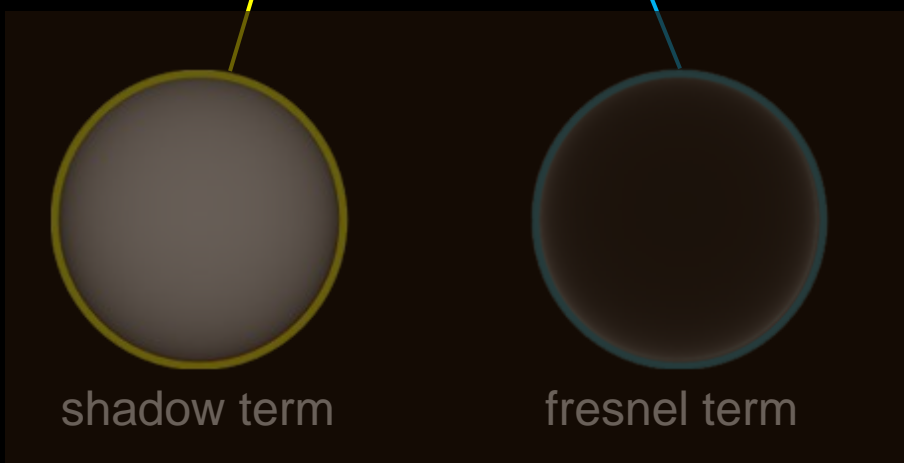
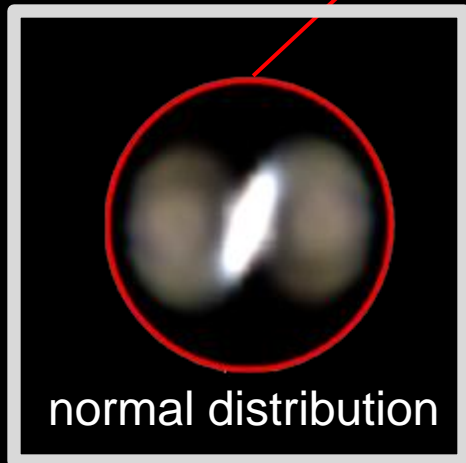


Microfacet BRDF Model

- surface modeled by tiny mirror facets

$$\rho_s(x, o, i) = \boxed{D(x, h)} \boxed{\frac{S(x, o)S(x, i)}{4(i \cdot n)(o \cdot n)}} \boxed{F(x, o, i)}$$

[Cook 82]



Microfacet BRDF Model

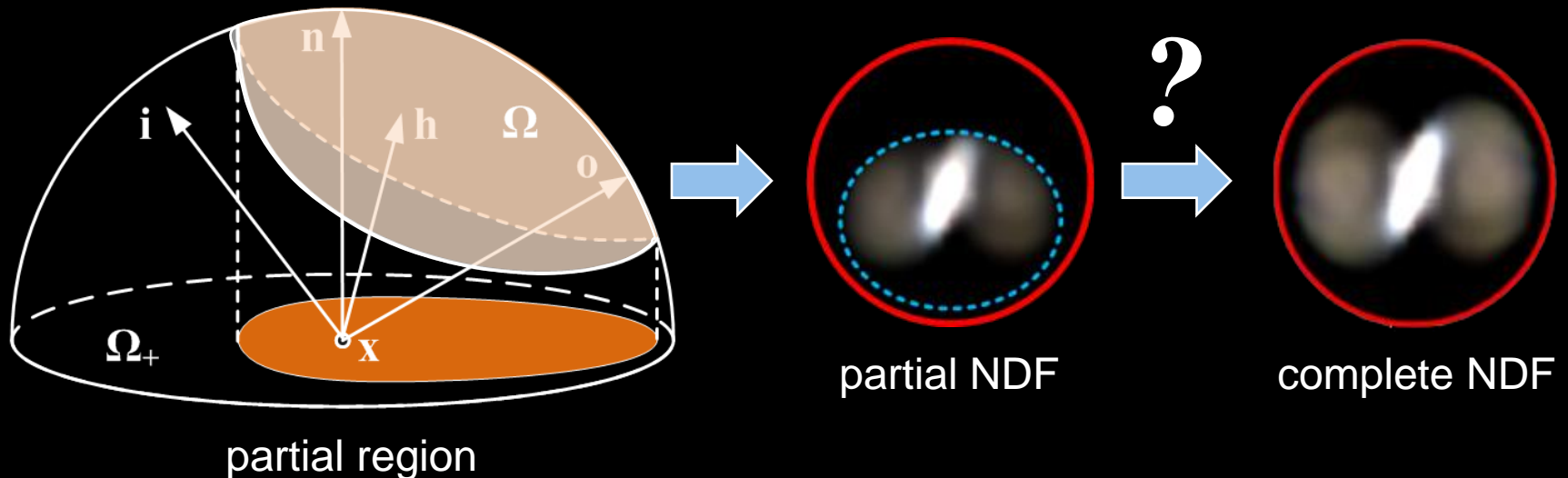
- Normal Distribution Function (NDF)

$$\rho_s(x, i, o) \sim D(x, h) \quad h = \frac{i + o}{\|i + o\|}$$

- 2D function of the half-way vector h
- term dominates surface appearance

Challenge: Partial Domains

- samples from a single viewing direction
 - cover only a sub-region Ω of NDF
 - How to obtain the full NDF?

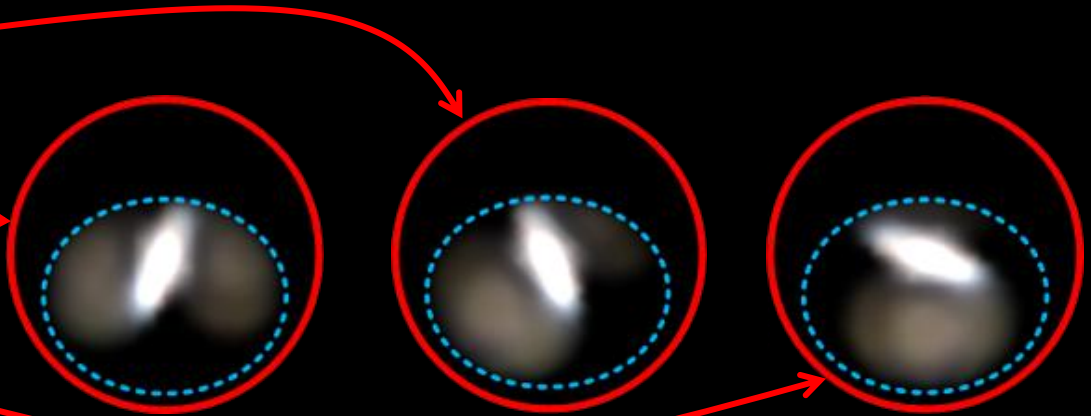


Key Observation: Exploit Spatial Redundancy

- find surface points with *similar but differently rotated* NDFs

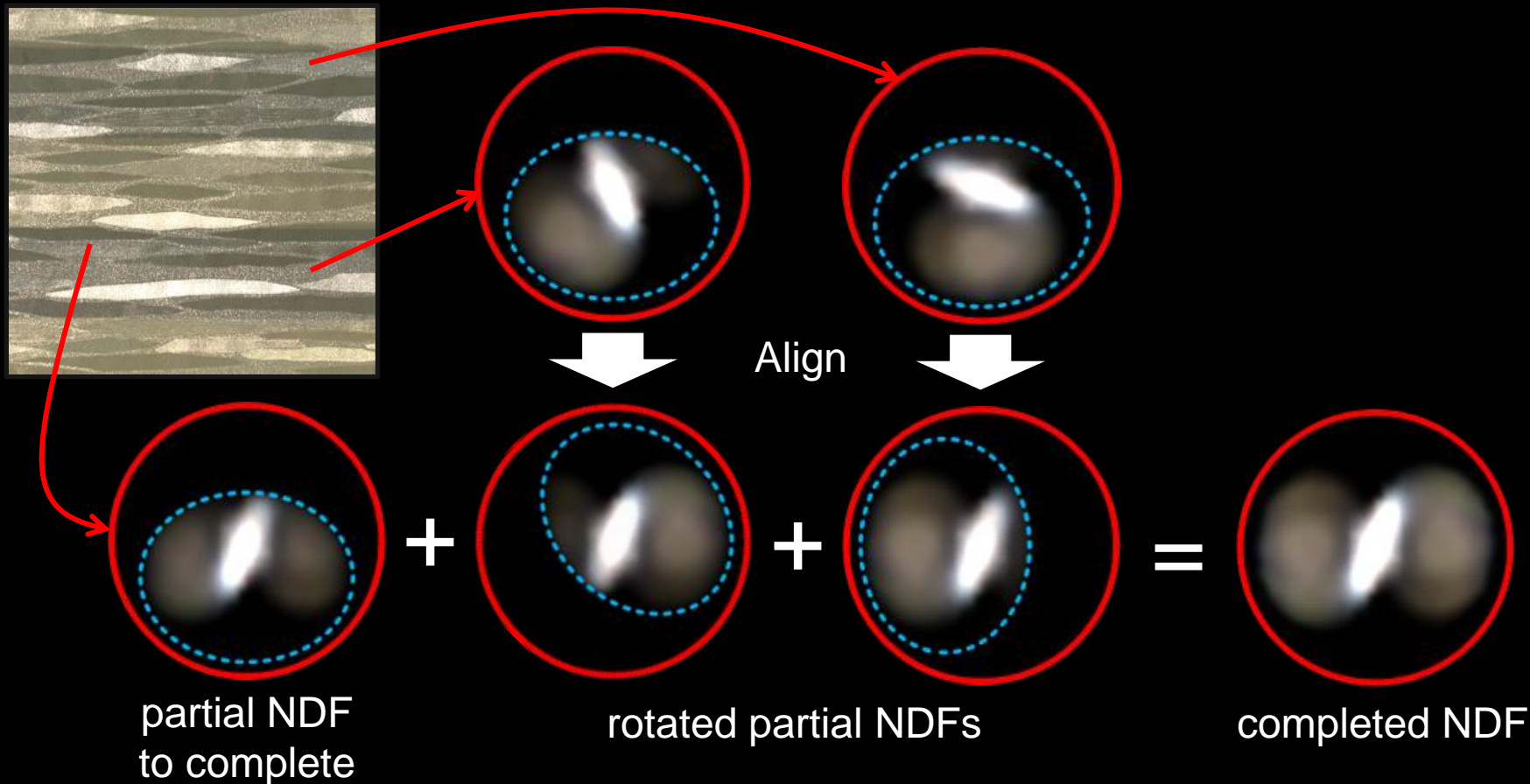


material sample



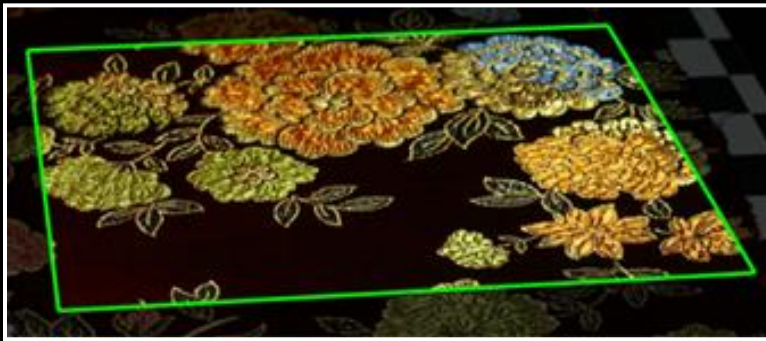
partial NDF at each surface point

Example-Based Microfacet Synthesis



Comparison

- appearance under novel viewing/lighting



ground truth



our model



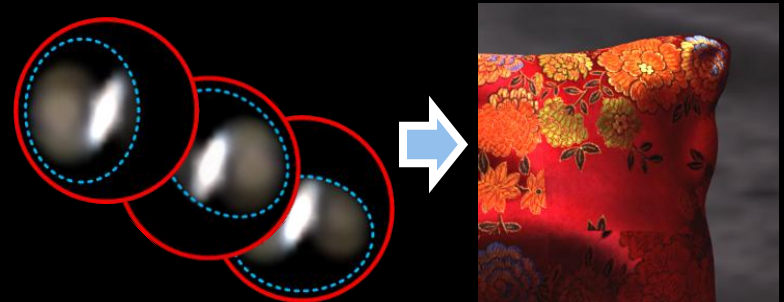
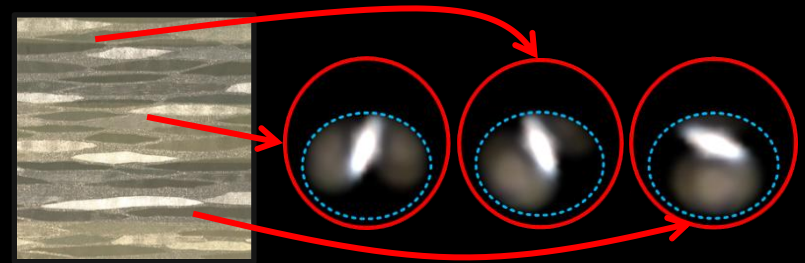
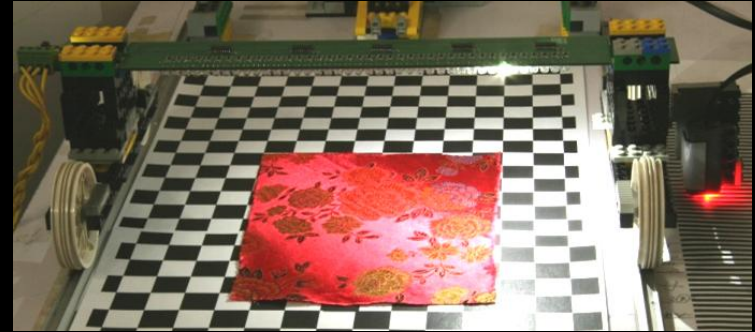
isotropic Ward model



anisotropic Ward model

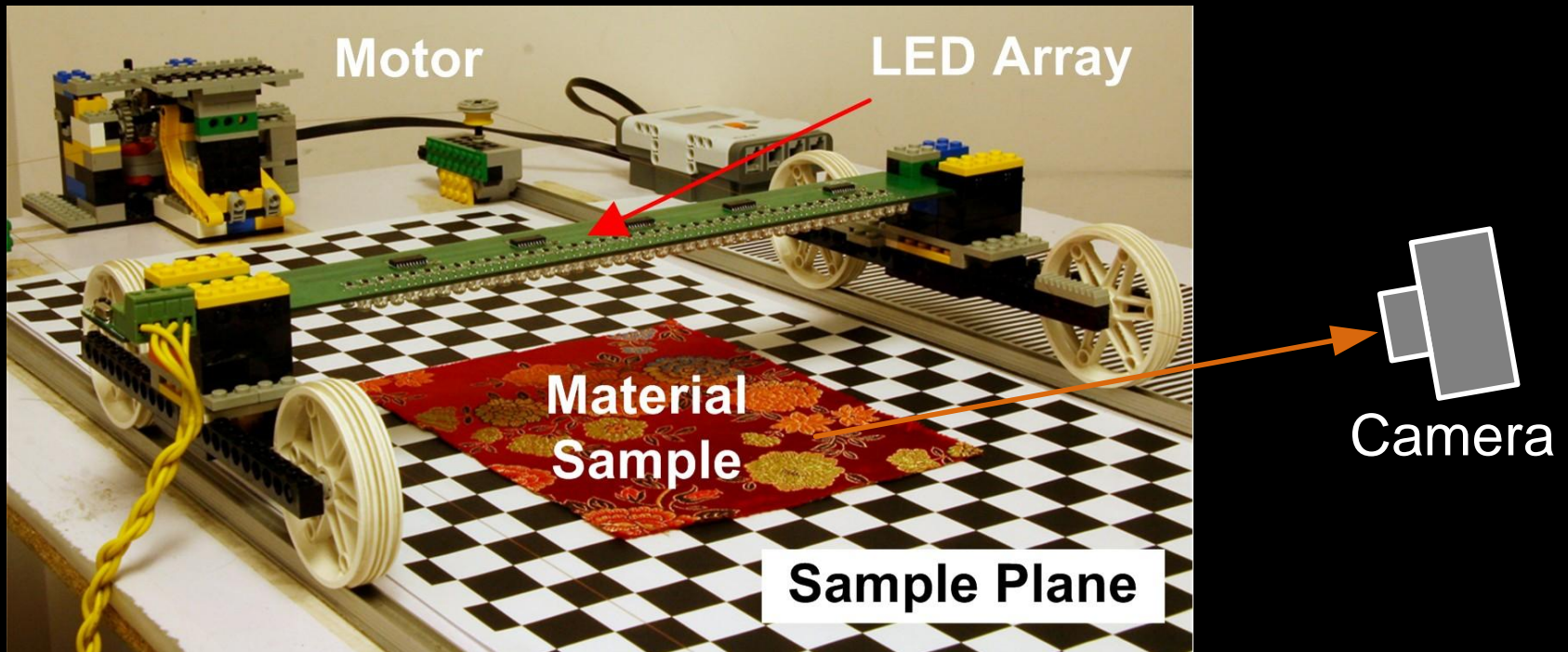
Overall Pipeline

- Capture BRDF slice
- Partial NDF Recovery
- Microfacet Synthesis



Device Setup

- Camera-LED system



Capturing Process



Modeling Process

- Partial NDF Recovery
- Example-Based Microfacet Synthesis



NDF Recovery

- invert the microfacet BRDF model

$$\rho_s(x, o, i) = \frac{D(x, h) S(x, o) S(x, i) F(x, o, i)}{4(i \cdot n)(o \cdot n)}$$

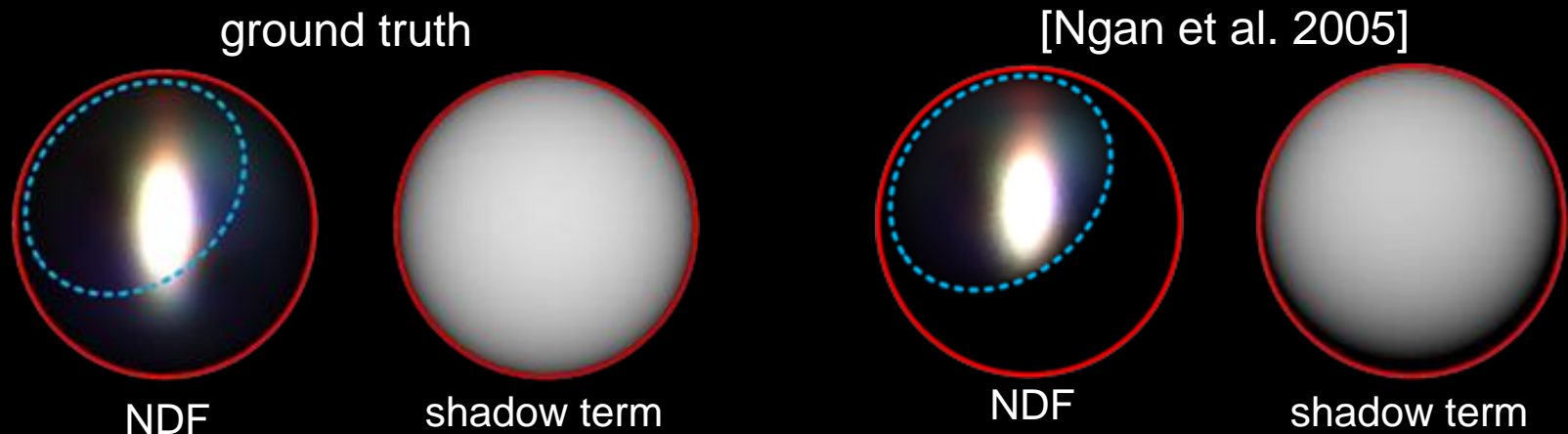
rearrange terms



$$D(x, h) = \frac{4 \rho_s(x, o, i)(i \cdot n)(o \cdot n)}{S(x, o) S(x, i) F(x, o, i)} \quad \text{with fixed } \mathbf{o}$$

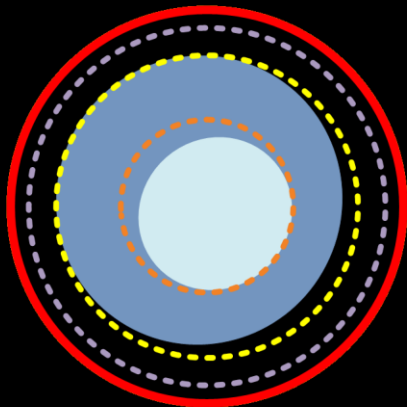
Partial NDF Recovery

- straightforward solution leads to biased result
 - iteratively solve for NDF and shadow term
 - cross-talk between two terms for incomplete data

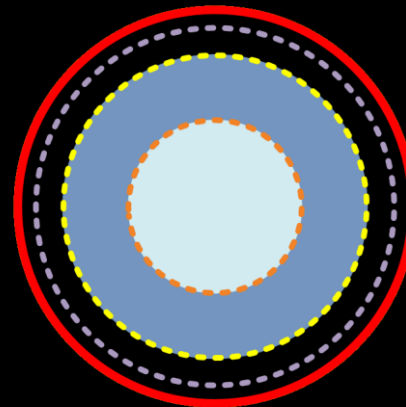
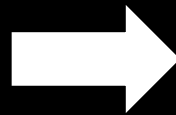


Partial NDF Recovery (con't)

- minimize the cross-talk
 - isotropically constrain shadow term in each iteration

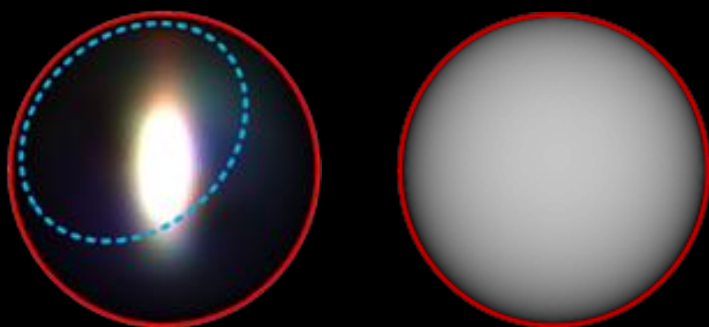


before constraint

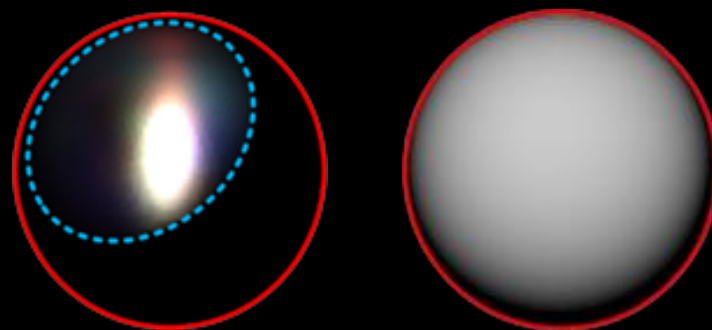


after constraint

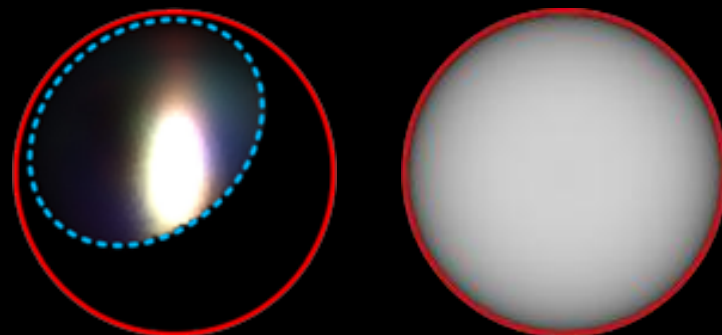
Recovered Partial NDF



ground truth

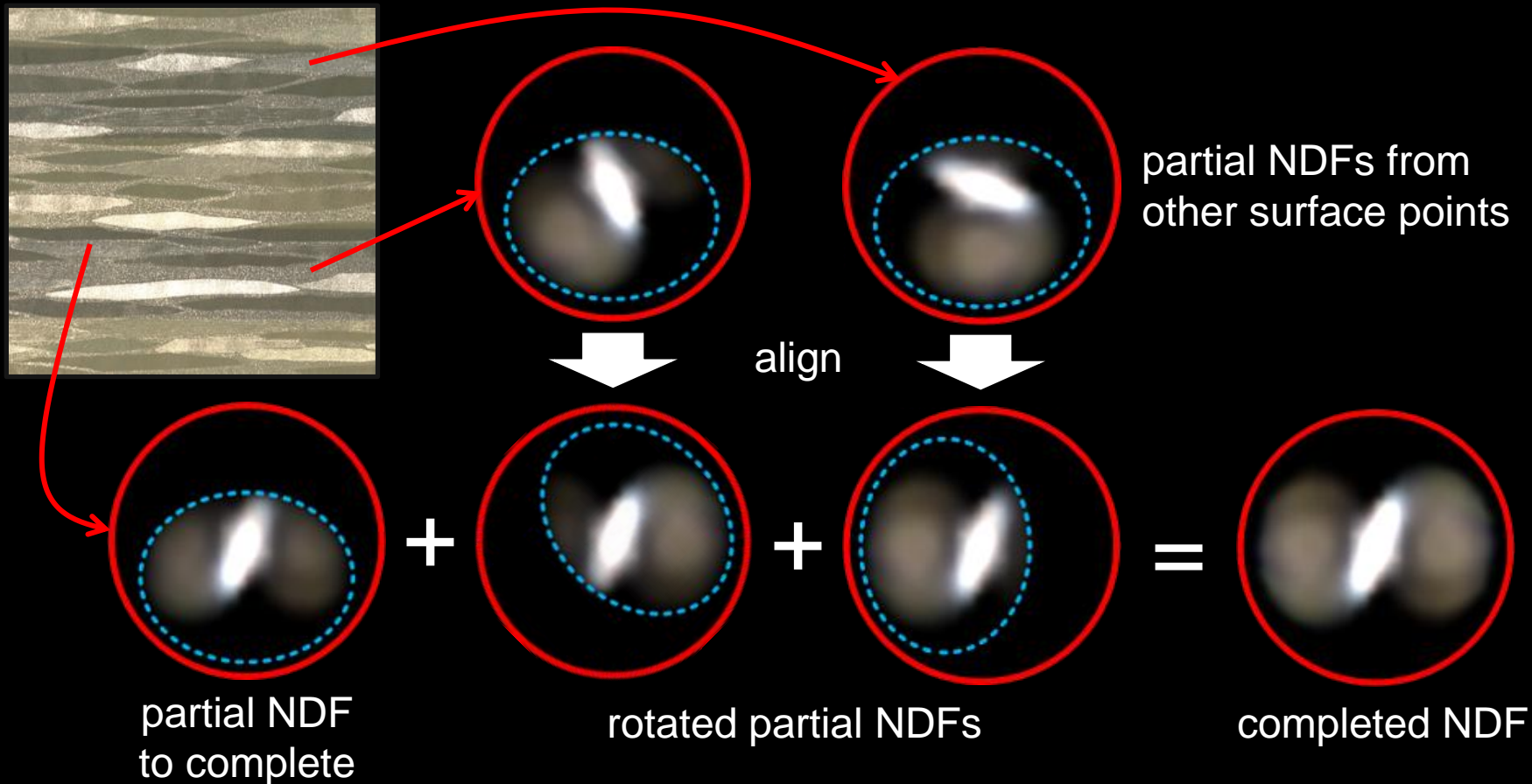


[Ngan et al. 2005]



our result

Microfacet Synthesis



Microfacet Synthesis (con't)

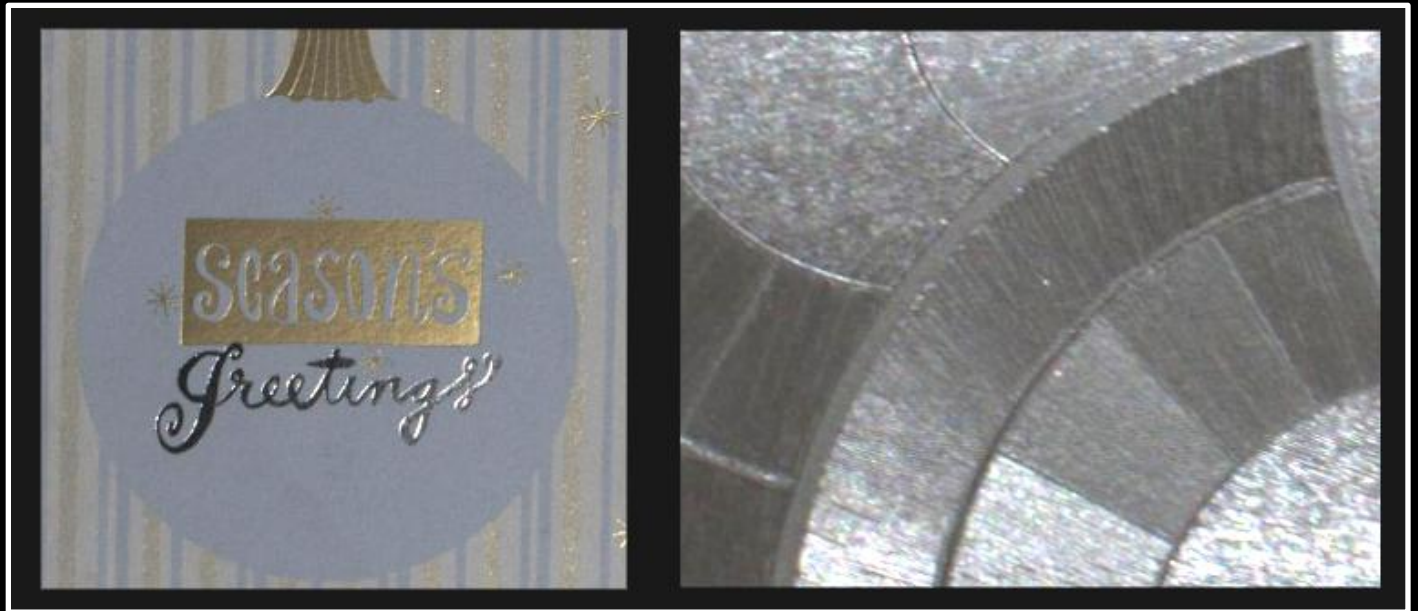
- straightforward impl. is too slow:
 - expensive distance calculation
 - huge number of surface points (search)
 - hundreds of rotation angles (alignment)

Accelerating Synthesis

- NDF Clustering
 - complete NDFs on a smaller set of representatives (1%)
 - search candidates from representatives only
- Search Pruning
 - approximate nearest neighbor acceleration [Mount 97]
 - key = histogram

Model Validation

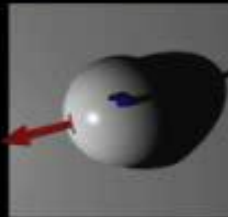
- full SVBRDF dataset [Lawrence et al. 2006]
 - data from one view for training
 - data from other views for validation



Validation Result



Ground Truth from
IST Data Set



Our Synthesized
Result

Rendering Result: Satin



Rendering Result: Wood



Rendering Result: Brushed Metal



Conclusion

- model surface reflectance via microfacet synthesis
 - general and compact representation
 - high resolution (spatial & angular), realistic result
 - easier to acquire from real world material samples
 - single-view capture
 - cheap device
 - shorter capturing time

Thank You!

